Polychlorinated Biphenyl Management



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Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB)

- PCBs are any chemical substance limited to a biphenyl molecule that has been chlorinated
- Equipment, Items, and Articles using or contaminated by PCBs are also regulated under TSCA

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)



In 1976 the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) authorized EPA to take specific measures to control the risks from polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs).

TSCA Regulations

Conduct inspections of facilities to determine compliance under TSCA



To Conduct A TSCA Inspection A Determination Of the PCB Concentration of Electrical Equipment Is Essential

PCB Concentration Assumptions

Non-PCB (0-49 ppm)

PCB-Contaminated (50-499 ppm)

PCB (greater than 500 ppm)

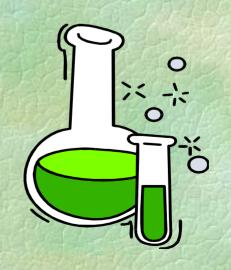


Non-PCB Concentration

Assumptions 0 to 50 ppm

- Any transformer with less than 3 pounds (1.36 kg) of fluid whose concentration is unknown
- Any electrical equipment manufactured after July 2,1979

Any capacitor marked at the time of manufacture as "No PCBs"



PCB-Contaminated Concentration Assumptions 50 ppm to 499 ppm

- Mineral oil-filled electrical equipment manufactured before July 2,1979
- Pole-top and padmounted distribution transformers

Mineral oil-filled electrical equipment whose manufactured date is unknown

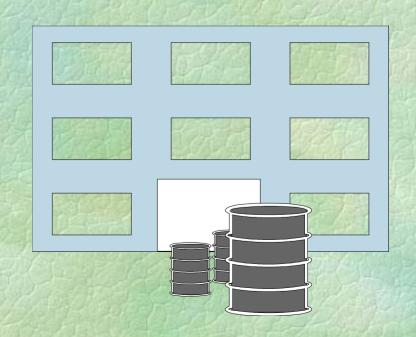
PCB Concentration Assumptions 500 ppm & Greater

- **Transformers** manufactured prior to July 2, 1979, that contains 1.36 kilograms (3 pounds) or more of fluid other that mineral oil whose PCB concentration is not established
- Transformers whose date of manufacture or type of dielectric fluid is unknown
- manufactured prior to
 July 2, 1979, whose
 PCB concentration is
 unknown or whose
 manufacture date is
 unknown

Storage of PCBs 50 ppm & Greater

Storage for Disposal

Storage for Reuse



Storage for Disposal

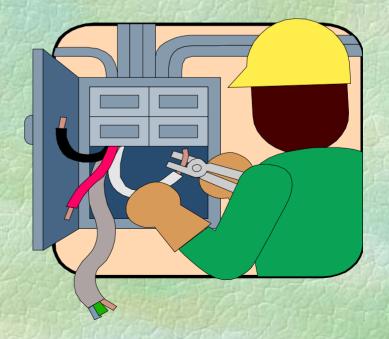
- PCBs or PCB items declared as waste
- PCBs or PCB items no longer fit for use
- PCB items no longer allowed to be serviced

- PCBs or PCB items
 not authorized for use
- Materials on which PCBs are spilled

Storage for Reuse

- PCB Articles and
 Electrical Equipment
 that are awaiting
 repair
- PCB Articles and
 Electrical Equipment
 awaiting installation

PCB Articles and
Electrical Equipment
that serve as spare
items or replacements



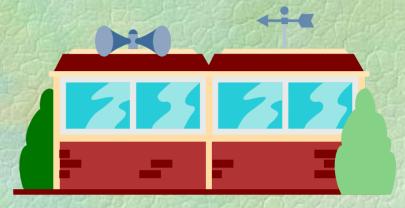
Storage for Reuse Guidelines

Indefinite Storage

Storage for 5 Years After Item Was Originally Removed From Use

Extension of 5 Year Limit

Indefinite Storage For Reuse



- A unit that complies with §761.65(b)
- A unit permitted under section 3004 of RCRA to manage hazardous wastes in containers
- A unit permitted by a State authorized under section 3006 of RCRA to manage hazardous waste

Indefinite Storage For Reuse

- Specifications 5
 - Wall & roof
 - Curbing
 - Lack of valves/drains
 - Non-porous surface
 - 100-year flood



Five Year Storage for Reuse

- PCB articles must meet use conditions per Subpart B
- PCB articles are properly marked per Subpart C
- Not required to be in a general or alternate storage unit

- Must maintain
 accurate records
 starting at time article
 is removed from
 service including
 - Date removed from use
 - Projected location and future use
 - Date due for servicing (if applicable)

40 CFR 761.35(a)

Five Year Storage For Reuse

- An alternative to the recordkeeping requirement
 - Label the electrical equipment/Articles
 - Date placed in storage for reuse
 - Projected location or future use

Subpart B: Usage

Applicable to Transformers whose PCB concentration is 500 ppm or greater

- Must be registeredwith building ownersand EPA
- Combustible materials can not be stored near PCB Transformers
- Visual inspection of transformer shall be performed once every three months or once a year
- be initiated within 48 hours of its discovery

Subpart C: Marking



- Specific electrical equipment containing PCBs of 500 ppm or more must be marked
 - Transformers
 - Large High & Low Voltage Capacitors
 - Equipment containing PCB Transformers or PCB High Voltage Capacitors
 - Electric motors, hydraulic systems, and heat transfer systems using PCBs
 - Voltage Regulators

Subpart C: Marking



Location of transformers and voltage regulators whose PCB concentration is 500 ppm or greater must be marked

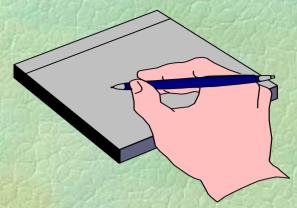
Extension to 5-year Limit for Storage for Reuse

- Written request to EPA Regional Administrator
 - Must submit 6 months before expiration
 - Justify item-by-item
- PCB owner or operator must comply with all written conditions of extension approval





Record Keeping



- Develop and maintain an Annual Document Log if the facility owns one PCB

 Transformer or 50 or more PCB Large High or Low Voltage Capacitors
- Indicate such PCB articles as "in use" or "in service" on Annual Document Log

Summary of Regulations

- Assumption Assumption
 - 40 CFR 761.2
- Storage for Disposal
 - 40 CFR 761.65(b)
- Storage for Reuse
 - 40 CFR 761.35

- Subpart B (Usage)
 - 40 CFR 761.30
- Subpart C (Marking)
 - 40 CFR 761.40
- Record Keeping
 - 40 CFR 761.180



Useful Web Site

- www.adem.state.al.us
- Alabama Environmental Management
 - Protection Program
 - Land Division
 - Hazardous Waste
 - PCBs
 - PCB Related Links
 - EPA PCB Homepage

The Protection of the Environment is the Responsibility of Everyone

